

Rehab guide for patients following:

ACL Reconstruction (with/without synthetic PCL, PLC or MCL Recon)

Prepared for: Rehabilitation Therapists

Prepared by: Louw van Niekerk, FRCS(Orth)

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	Movement	Mobility	Rehab/Exercises	Goals before progression
Immediately post- op	No limit to active movement unless concurrent micro# of PFJ (then avoid active 50-30°)	PWB with crutches until 0° extensor lag and slow normal gait pattern	 Full active and passive knee extension Cryotherapy Circulatory exercises Isometric quads 	 Upright posture No limp if judged not to require crutches Quads control with 0° lag
Discharge - 2 weeks	No limit to active movement unless concurrent micro# of PFJ (then avoid active 50-30°)	PWB with crutches until 0° extensor lag. Wean from crutches (unless concurrent tibiofemoral micro#	 Isometric quads/ hamstrings CKCQ within 60° ROM Basic proprioception 	 Full passive extension Independent gait 0° lag SLR Donor site scar healed
Week 2-6	FROM with proviso's above	FWB with proviso's above	 Ensure full active and passive extension Concentric hams and CKCQ Basic proprioception and balance Low resistance static bike Core VMO/Hip abductor strength and balance 	 Full active and passive extension Normal gait Full quad control Diminishing small effusion

	Movement	Mobility	Rehab/Exercises	Goals before progression
Week 6-12	Ensure knee extension complete	No restrictions	 Ensure full active and passive extension High resistance/ low reps strength lower limb Bike/static bike mid resistance Core Basic plyometrics Proprioception 	 Ensure full active and passive extension VMO/Hip abductor balance 30-50% Hams strength Proficient in basic plyometric programme Proficient in basic proprioception programme
Week 12-24	If extension (comparable to the contralateral knee) is incomplete refer back to surgeon	 Jog/Walk programme Solo tennis/ squash from 16/52 	 High resistance/ high rep strength of VMO, hip abductors and hamstrings Bike high resistance Advanced proprioception Advanced plyometrics 	 Bilateral proprioceptive control Hamstring strength 70% of contralateral Quads volume and strength 20 minutes continuous jog No anterior knee pain

SUMMARY

Objectives

- Full knee extension comparable to contralateral side to be encouraged from day one. Any passive block to extension after 6 weeks needs re-referral
- Proprioception work to start ASAP and not necessarily follow the strength programme
- Aim for jog/walk programme by 12-13 weeks. This will vary greatly among patients of various athletic ability. Start with 1 minute jog (slow shuffle) and 2 minutes walk on a soft surface/treadmill and increase to 2 minutes jog and 1 minute walk by the end of 20 minute session. Three minute cycles can be increased to 5 minute cycles dictated by anterior knee pain/effusion and athletic ability and then to 10 minute-, 15 minute- and 20 minute cycles. When 20 minute jog/walk cycles are well tolerated there is no restriction to straight line running. Shuttle sprints, pivoting and cutting can now be commenced.

- Aim to return to racket sport by 16-20 weeks
- Return to rugby, football, hockey, netball etc. 20-36 weeks unless failure to achieve final objectives.

Notes

- It is not unusual for there to be bruising (and swelling with erythema over the hamstring donor site scar) extending to the medial aspect of the heel for the first 2 weeks post-op that then resolves by week 4.
- Post surgery patients are routinely reviewed in the orthopaedic clinic at 4-6 weeks, 3 months and 6 months
- Earlier review if patient fails to meet goals
- Routine post-operative flexion limiting brace is not required unless concurrent PFJ microfracture surgery involving a surface area of >1x1cm²
- Flexion limiting brace may still be required if microfracture in the PFJ has been performed over a surface area > 1x1cm²
- Clinical queries to be directed to sportsinjurysurgeon@gmail.com